

Table II: Recommended prophylaxis regimens according to patient population. See Table III for dose and monitoring recommendations. Patient subgroups shaded red are at higher risk of mould infections and orange are at higher risk of yeast infections.

| Disease | Specific subgroup | Recommended prophylaxis | If recommended agent contraindicated* | Duration |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. AML | AML (non-relapsed and relapsed) Infant AML: see VHR ALL | <u>Not</u> on any tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI)** OR gemtuzumab in induction phase <i>Able to swallow tablets</i> AND ≥ 13 years OR ≥ 10 years and ≥ 30 kg: Posaconazole tablets (req TDM) <i>Not able to swallow posaconazole tablets</i> OR < 10 yrs: Voriconazole tablets (preferred) or liquid. (both req. TDM) | Echinocandin | Non-relapsed: START: following last dose of chemotherapy in cycle (or 5 days post Gemtuzumab) or ANC $< 0.5 \times 10^9/L$ STOP: when ANC expected to remain $\geq 0.5 \times 10^9/L$ for at least 7 days Relapsed: START: at relapse diagnosis STOP: continue until HSCT then manage as per (6) Allogeneic HSCT |
| | | On any TKI** OR gemtuzumab in induction phase | Echinocandin | |
| 2. ALL | Relapsed ALL | <u>Not</u> on weekly vincristine OR any TKI** *withhold the day before, day of and day after vincristine | L-amphotericin B (3x/wk) | START: at relapse diagnosis STOP: Remission achieved and not planned for allo-HSCT: Continue as per VHR ALL Remission not achieved or planned for allo-HSCT: Continue until HSCT then manage as per (6) Allogeneic HSCT (if prior IFI will need targeted 2 ^{ry} prophylaxis) |
| | | On weekly vincristine OR any TKI** | L-amphotericin B (3x/wk) | |

*For RCH patients - Drug Usage Committee (DUC) approval required. For MCH patients - Department of Infection and Immunity approval required.

**Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors include (but not limited to): sorafenib, imatinib, dasatinib, nilotinib, ceritinib, carfuzomib, ibrutinib, crizotinib, ruxolitinib

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|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Very high risk (VHR) ALL, T-cell ALL and Infant ALL and AML | <u>Not</u> on weekly vincristine <i>OR</i> any TKI** | Voriconazole* tablets (preferred) or liquid. (both req. TDM) *withhold the day before, day of and day after vincristine | L-amphotericin B (3x/wk) START: when ANC <0.5 x10 ⁹ /L and during intensive phases only (i.e. <i>Induction, Consolidation and Delayed Intensification</i> phases) STOP: when ANC expected to remain ≥0.5 x10 ⁹ /L for at least 7 days |
| | | On weekly vincristine <i>OR</i> any TKI** | L-amphotericin B (3x/wk) | |
| | High risk (HR) ALL and lymphoblastic lymphoma | <i>Induction</i> chemotherapy phase – see <u>Very High risk ALL</u> (ie. Mould-active azole or L-amphotericin as first line) | | |
| | | <i>Consolidation and Delayed Intensification</i> (DI) phases – Fluconazole as first line (use mould active agent for consolidation in patients upgraded to high-risk protocol, followed by fluconazole in DI) | | |
| | | Standard risk (non relapsed) ALL | Routine prophylaxis not required unless patient is reclassified as High risk. If this occurs, follow relevant recommendations above but use mould-active cover for first cycle. For patients that are re-classified as VHR or HR, | |
| 3. Other leukaemia | Biphenotypic leukaemia | See <u>Very High Risk ALL</u> above | | |
| | Myelodysplastic syndrome | Consider mould active prophylaxis during induction phase chemotherapy if chronic neutropenia as per <u>Very High Risk ALL</u> above | | |
| | Juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML) | | | |
| 4. Lymphoma | Excluding patients undergoing any HSCT or lymphoblastic lymphoma | Routine prophylaxis not required For lymphoblastic lymphoma – <u>see High Risk ALL</u> | | |

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| 5. Aplastic anaemia | Severe aplastic anaemia | | <p><i>Able to swallow tablets</i> AND ≥ 13 years OR ≥ 10 years and ≥ 30 kg: Posaconazole tablets (req TDM)</p> <p><i>Not able to swallow posaconazole tablets</i> OR < 10 yrs: Voriconazole tablets (preferred) or liquid. (both req. TDM)</p> | L-amphotericin B (3x/wk) | <p>START: if prolonged severe neutropenia (ANC $< 0.5 \times 10^9/L$) expected</p> <p>STOP: when ANC expected to remain $\geq 0.5 \times 10^9/L$ for at least 7 days</p> |
| 6. Allogeneic HSCT | Pre-engraftment phase | No prior invasive fungal infection | Fluconazole | Echinocandin | <p>START: during conditioning phase</p> <p>STOP: consider stopping from day +75 onwards and CD4 > 0.2</p> |
| | | Prior invasive fungal infection | Mould-active secondary prophylaxis may be required. Discuss with ID | | |
| | Post-engraftment phase | No GvHD | Routine prophylaxis not required | | |
| | | Severe acute GvHD (steroid dependent or grade II-IV) | <p><i>Able to swallow tablets</i> AND ≥ 13 years OR ≥ 10 years and ≥ 30 kg: Posaconazole tablets (req TDM)</p> <p><i>Not able to swallow posaconazole tablets</i> OR < 10 yrs: Voriconazole tablets (preferred) or liquid. (both req. TDM)</p> | <p><i>Contraindication to azoles:</i> Echinocandin if in hospital or L-amphotericin B (3x/wk) if at home</p> | <p>START: at diagnosis of severe or extensive GvHD</p> <p>STOP: individualised (when immunosuppression sufficiently weaned). <i>Discuss ongoing need for prophylaxis when steroids are ≤ 0.5 mg/kg/day pred equivalent.</i></p> |
| 7. Autologous HSCT | When expected ANC $< 0.5 \times 10^9/L$ for > 10 days | | Fluconazole | <p><i>Contraindication to fluconazole:</i> Echinocandin</p> | <p>START: following last dose of chemotherapy in cycle</p> <p>STOP: when ANC expected to remain ≥ 0.5 for at least 7 days</p> |

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| 8. CAR-T | No prior invasive fungal infection and not relapsed within 12 months HSCT | Fluconazole | Echinocandin | START: during lymphodepletion STOP: day +30 and ANC remains $\geq 0.5 \times 10^9/L$ for at least 7 days |
| | Any of: Relapsed within 12 months of HSCT, CRS requiring tocilizumab, ICANS requiring high dose steroids. | <i>Able to swallow tablets</i> <i>AND ≥ 13 years OR ≥ 10 years and ≥ 30 kg:</i> Posaconazole tablets (req TDM) <i>Not able to swallow posaconazole tablets</i> <i>OR < 10 yrs:</i> Voriconazole tablets (preferred) or liquid. (both req. TDM) | Echinocandin | If prior IFI: discuss duration with ID |
| 8. Solid tumours | Neuroblastoma stage IV | Fluconazole (until neutropenia recovers) | L-amphotericin B (3x/wk) | START: following last dose of chemotherapy in cycle STOP: when ANC expected to remain $\geq 0.5 \times 10^9/L$ for at least 7 days |
| | All other solid tumours | Routine prophylaxis not recommended | | |

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